

The Creation Of Inequality How Our Prehistoric Ancestors Set Stage For Monarchy Slavery And Empire Kent V Flannery

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The Creation Of Inequality How

As I look out to the remainder of the 2020s, I believe that economic inequality will be one of the most important issues facing humanity. Excessive inequality undermines the life chances of ...

The Time to Address Inequality Is Right Now

Does AB 101 provide a necessary and humane perspective on the world that students will use in their academic and professional lives? Does it force the curriculum of schools to reflect the great ...

How Should We Teach Students About Inequality?

The Indian growth (or the lack of it on recent counts) story over the last three decades has been a consumption-led one ...

Is increasing wealth inequality coming in the way of economic growth in India?

Both Presidents Kennedy and Reagan repeated the saying that “a rising tide lifts all boats” to describe how a vibrant, free market economy benefits all citizens.

Jon Coupal | The myths of ‘income inequality’

Secretary of the Treasury Janet L. Yellen announced the appointment of Janis Bowdler to serve as the Department’s first Counselor for Racial Equity. Ms. Bowdler will be charged with coordinating ...

U.S. Department of the Treasury Appoints First Counselor for Racial Equity

COVID-19 pandemic, which has already killed 17 million people, experts have come to a disappointing conclusion: humanity cannot stop the current pandemic and is completely unprepared for the next. The ...

The authorities are barking, the pandemic is coming – Mir – Kommersant

The COVID-19 crisis and the political, economic, and social disruptions it has caused have exposed the ill-preparedness, inadequacies and inequalities of our current economic and values systems. Amid ...

The State of the World

Last week’s annual meetings of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Bank and G20 finance ministers illustrated that despite a historic debt crisis sweeping across developing countries and ...

For the South, all Roads in Global Economic Governance Lead to Inequality & Vulnerability

“It’s time for our community to listen to each other and to learn about the disadvantaged areas of our community and the impact of inequality ... Buford led the creation of the local partnership.

Leaders of San Antonio's biggest employers take aim at racial inequality with new initiative

Former public protector Thuli Madonsela says the creation of a society that is ... continue to languish in extreme poverty and inequality”. She said the growing levels of inequality and poverty ...

SA still starving for social justice post-apartheid, Madonsela tells Tutu lecture

Given that Starmer has previously stated that we’re living through a moment akin to 1945, you could have been forgiven for expecting policy announcements as radical as the creation of the ... Starmer ...

Keir Starmer Is Labour’s Weakest Leader in Generations

How has capitalism contributed to the profound inequalities between the West ... I would like to see the creation of an International Cohesion Fund. We need to put the issue of solidarity at ...

Yet Another Covid Victim: Capitalism

Similar data inequality exists for water-quality and water-related ..: the uncoordinated and unmonitored data generation efforts in the Global South are leading to the creation of data wastelands, ...

Data drought in the Global South

Rising income inequality, high student loan debt, and a lack of youth representation in government create a sense of lack of control over one's future. Many have been taught from a young age to ...

The Climate Strike That Wasn't: What's Behind Declining Protest in 2021?

The single most pressing issue facing our city is income inequality. As a member of the Atlanta City Council, I will fight for the creation of more jobs paying a living wage and work with the ...

Candidate Profile: Ralph Long For City Council

sn/gS/dl The Barron's news department was not involved in the creation of the content above. This story was produced by AFP. For more information go to AFP.com.

Vaccine Inequality Shows Patent Rules 'Outdated': Africa Trade Boss

Such grinding inequality comes from many sources ... On the eve of the first lockdown, when the UK Chancellor announced the creation of furlough, he also announced a £20-a-week uplift for ...

Flannery and Marcus demonstrate that the rise of inequality was not simply the result of population increase, food surplus, or the accumulation of valuables but resulted from conscious manipulation of the unique social logic that lies at the core of every human group. Reversing the social logic can reverse inequality, they argue, without violence.

Flannery and Marcus demonstrate that the rise of inequality was not simply the result of population increase, food surplus, or the accumulation of valuables but resulted from conscious manipulation of the unique social logic that lies at the core of every human group. Reversing the social logic can reverse inequality, they argue, without violence.

Rousseau first exposes in *Discourse on the Origin of Inequality* his conception of a human state of nature, presented as a philosophical fiction and of human perfectibility, an early idea of progress. He then explains the way, according to him, people may have established civil society, which leads him to present private property as the original source and basis of all inequality. Jean-Jacques Rousseau (1712 – 1778) was a Genevan philosopher, writer, and composer of the 18th century, mainly active in France. His political philosophy influenced the Enlightenment across Europe, as well as aspects of the French Revolution and the overall development of modern political and educational thought.

"Field-defining research that will set the standard for understanding inequality in archaeological contexts"--Provided by publisher.

Deep Inequality looks behind statistics to understand not only wealth inequality but also rising disparities in other elements of life—from education to the media. The authors argue that inequality has become so pervasive that it is the new normal. This book explains the changing landscape of inequality to help readers see society in a new way.

Are mass violence and catastrophes the only forces that can seriously decrease economic inequality? To judge by thousands of years of history, the answer is yes. Tracing the global history of inequality from the Stone Age to today, Walter Scheidel shows that it never dies peacefully. *The Great Leveler* is the first book to chart the crucial role of violent shocks in reducing inequality over the full sweep of human history around the world. The "Four Horsemen" of leveling—mass-mobilization warfare, transformative revolutions, state collapse, and catastrophic plagues—have repeatedly destroyed the fortunes of the rich. Today, the violence that reduced inequality in the past seems to have diminished, and that is a good thing. But it casts serious doubt on the prospects for a more equal future. An essential contribution to the debate about inequality, *The Great Leveler* provides important new insights about why inequality is so persistent—and why it is unlikely to decline anytime soon.

Originally published in 1938, *The Origin of the Inequality of the Social Classes* presents ethnological research into how rank and inequality has been created or formed in various societies. This study especially focuses on recent changes in aboriginal cultures with particular attention paid to the Kiwai Papuans of British New Guinea whom Landtman researched extensively from 1910-1912. This title will be of interest to students of Sociology and Anthropology.

The epic successor to one of the most important books of the century: at once a retelling of global history, a scathing critique of contemporary politics, and a bold proposal for a new and fairer economic system. Thomas Piketty's bestselling *Capital in the Twenty-First Century* galvanized global debate about inequality. In this audacious follow-up, Piketty challenges us to revolutionize how we think about politics, ideology, and history. He exposes the ideas that have sustained inequality for the past millennium, reveals why the shallow politics of right and left are failing us today, and outlines the structure of a fairer economic system. Our economy, Piketty observes, is not a natural fact. Markets, profits, and capital are all historical constructs that depend on choices. Piketty explores the material and ideological interactions of conflicting social groups that have given us slavery, serfdom, colonialism, communism, and hypercapitalism, shaping the lives of billions. He concludes that the great driver of human progress over the centuries has been the struggle for equality and education and not, as often argued, the assertion of property rights or the pursuit of stability. The new era of extreme inequality that has derailed that progress since the 1980s, he shows, is partly a reaction against communism, but it is also the fruit of ignorance, intellectual specialization, and our drift toward the dead-end politics of identity. Once we understand this, we can begin to envision a more balanced approach to economics and politics. Piketty argues for a new "participatory" socialism, a system founded on an ideology of equality, social property, education, and the sharing of knowledge and power. *Capital and Ideology* is destined to be one of the indispensable books of our time, a work that will not only help us understand the world, but that will change it.

"Argues that America's strong and sizable middle class is actually embedded in the framework of the nation's government and its founding document and discusses the necessity of taking equality-establishing measures,"--NoveList.

Unequal By Design critically examines high-stakes standardized testing in order to illuminate what is really at stake for students, teachers, and communities negatively affected by such testing. This thoughtful analysis traces standardized testing's origins in the Eugenics and Social Efficiency movements of the late 19th and early 20th century through its current use as the central tool for national educational reform via No Child Left Behind. By exploring historical, social, economic, and educational aspects of testing, author Wayne Au demonstrates that these tests are not only premised on the creation of inequality, but that their structures are inextricably intertwined with social inequalities that exist outside of schools.

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