

Excavations Survey And Records Around Cirencester Cotswold Studies Ii

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Structural stability during excavations What you need to do. The law says you must prevent danger to workers in or near excavations. To maintain the required precautions, a competent person must inspect excavation supports or battering at the start of the working shift and at other specified times.

Construction - Structural stability excavations health ...

The HSE guidance document HS(G) 150, Safety in Construction has details of the inspection regime for construction sites and has a section on inspecting trench/excavations. Records of inspection must be kept by the department and be available on site for inspection.

Safety Code of Practice 47: Excavations, 2nd Edition, July ...

Early Excavations and Survey In 1874 and 1877 Flinders Petrie surveyed Stonehenge in detail, and devised the numbering system for the stones that is still in use today.

Research on Stonehenge | English Heritage

- You will need to request asset records from Thames Water Property Searches showing the types and number of apparatuses in the vicinity of your proposed excavation site.
- You will need to physically identify the location and depth of the assets.

Guidance on piling, heavy loads, excavations, tunnelling ...

In a sense, excavation is the surgical aspect of archaeology: it is surgery of the buried landscape and is carried out with all the skilled craftsmanship that has been built up in the era since archaeological pioneers Heinrich Schliemann, often considered to be the modern discoverer of prehistoric Greece, and Flinders Petrie, who invented a sequence dating method that made possible the reconstruction of history from the remains of ancient cultures.

excavation | Description, History, & Facts | Britannica

Papers regarding the Esna Excavations and Survey of Nubian sites, 1904-1906 JG/4 Records of Abydos Excavations, 1906-1909 JG/5 Papers regarding Garstang's expeditions in the Near East JG/6

Photographic archive of excavations at Sakje Geuzi ...

Excavations and discoveries in the 19th century defined the complete plan of the fort, and more recent excavations have presented a clearer chronology of many of the internal structures. The rich epigraphic record presents further scope for reinterpretation that is relevant to remains from across the Roman Empire.

Research on Housesteads Roman Fort | English Heritage

Prior to the commencement of excavation work, a detailed dilapidation survey will be undertaken to record the existing condition of the adjoining structures and property. Where necessary the survey may include photographic records. Project Manager. Project Engineer. Project Engineer. Site Engr./ Surveyor. Project Manager. Drawing/ N.O.C. Markings. Trial Holes. Survey

Excavation, Earthwork and Filling Method Statement ...

excavations where there is a risk of collapse using materials suitable to prevent dislodgement of the sides of the excavation.

- backfill around cables with a fine material, and not use hardcore as this is likely to cause damage.
- replace any warning tiles or tape that may have been disturbed.

Guidance on UNDERGROUND CABLES Safe Digging Practice

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Site for the New Records Department, County Hospital, Hereford: Interim Report on a Trial Pit and Borehole Survey (Hereford Archaeol Ser, Rep No 213)

Library - Archaeology Data Service

In archaeology, survey or field survey is a type of field research by which archaeologists (often landscape archaeologists) search for archaeological sites and collect information about the location, distribution and organization of past human cultures across a large area (e.g. typically in excess of one hectare, and often in excess of many km²).

Survey (archaeology) - Wikipedia

WESTERN ARCHAEOLOGICAL TRUST RECORDS; Records relating to archaeological excavations at Catsgore, Somerton, carried out by Western Archaeological Trust/Committee for Rescue Archaeology in Avon, Gloucestershire and Somerset (HER PRN 56998, TTNCM 84.AA.12). Publication illustrations; Areas examined by excavation and survey; Figure No 1., c 1978

Areas examined by excavation and survey; Figure No 1.

A Specialist Survey Company may be required to locate underground services. Further detailed guidance is ... drawings and local site records/knowledge. Where possible plot all information on to one drawing. A site visit should ... traditional hand excavation, especially around buried utilities. Utilities - Underground Services (Issue 1 April ...

KIER UTILITIES - AVOIDING HEALTH & SAFETY UNDERGROUND ...

This helps us accurately match records to individuals, and permits a wider interoperability in the metadata we hold. ... Bishop's Palace, Dunblane: excavation and survey. Author 2000 Blind Date -- Scottish medieval pottery industries ... 1979 and 1980 [post-med material around castle] Author 1983 Excavations at the pottery production centre of ...

Library - Archaeology Data Service

For example, Roman kiln sites have been identified through geophysical survey and excavation around Calleva. Later use of the landscape has probably also greatly affected the appearance of archaeology in this area.

Silchester Environs Aerial and Lidar Survey - University ...

GMAAS provides specialist advice regarding any archaeological matter within Greater Manchester to planners and developers and also holds and manages the Historic Environment Records (HER) for the region. The excavation revealed several foundation structures belonging to Georgian terraces located on Albert Street, Chapel Street, Hope Square and Lloyd Square.

Excavations at Regent Road, Altrincham - Archaeology ...

Destruction at this date is evidenced in the archaeological record and after this date the castle no longer appears in written records. Nevern is an important rare survival showing the evolution of...

NEVERN CASTLE | Coflein

You must make these records available to the Environment Agency on request.' 16 July 2018 New information on abstracting water from excavations following the the Water Abstraction and Impounding ...

Temporary dewatering from excavations to surface water ...

The mound appeared to have been occupied as early as the sixth millennium BC, and the project focused on the later prehistoric levels. The first year was concerned with an intensive survey, and between 1996 and 1998 full excavations were undertaken. In 1998 excavations occurred in five different locations. Soundings were taken on and off site.

This book explores the economic evidence for the settlement at Bornais on South Uist. It reports in detail on the large assemblages of material found during the excavations at mounds 2 and 2A. There is important evidence for craft activity, such as bone and antler working and this includes the only comb making workshop from a rural settlement in Britain. A large proportion of the copper alloy, bone and antler assemblages comprise pieces of personal adornment and provide important information on the dress and thereby social relations within the settlement occupation. There is a large assemblage of iron tools and fittings, which provides important information on the activities taking place at the settlement. The information derived from the artefact assemblages is complemented by that provided by the ecofactual material. Large amounts of animal, fish and bird bones plus carbonised plant remains provide detailed information on agricultural practices, and the processing, preparation and consumption of foodstuffs. It is clear that the Norse inhabitants of the settlement had access to a much richer variety of resources than had been exploited before the Viking colonisation of the region. The settlement also had a significantly wider range of connections; material culture indicates contacts to the south with the Irish Sea ports and Bristol, and to the north with Shetland and the Viking homelands of Norway. The evidence produced by these excavations is exceptional and provides an unparalleled opportunity to explore medieval life in the Scandinavian kingdoms of Western Britain.

This book aims to examine and define the functions of towns in Roman Britain and to apply the definition so formed to Romano-British sites; to consider the towns' foundation, political status, development and

decline; and to illustrate the town's individual characters and their surroundings.

Field practice in archaeology varies greatly throughout the world, mainly because archaeological sites survive in very different ways in different countries. Many manuals see this as a problem - to be defeated by the imposition of standardised procedures. In this book we relish the variety of field practice, seeing it rather as the way the best archaeologists have responded creatively to the challenges of terrain, research objectives and the communities within which they work. While insisting on the highest levels of investigation, we celebrate the different designs, concepts, scientific detection methods and recording systems applied - so embracing standards, but not standardisation. The book is organised in four parts: Part 1 offers a summary of field procedures. Part 2 reviews the principal methods applied, above and below ground, and how the results are analysed. Part 3 illustrates the huge variety confronted by field workers with a series of exemplary commercial and academic projects enacted in downland, jungle, desert, permafrost, road schemes and towns. Approaches also differ according to the traditional methodologies that have evolved in particular countries. In Part 4 we give examples of some the strongest and oldest of those practised on four continents.

This volume is a report of archaeological excavations at Stanground South undertaken by MOLA between September 2007 and November 2009 on behalf of Persimmon Homes (East Midlands) Ltd and in accordance with a programme of works overseen by CgMs Heritage. The work involved five areas of set-piece excavation and a series of strip map and record areas.

Features articles written by archaeology scholars on such topics as bog bodies, underwater archaeology, the Pyramids of Giza, and the Valley of the Kings

This comprehensive, fully illustrated Companion answers the need for an in-depth archaeology reference that provides authoritative coverage of this complex and interdisciplinary field. The work brings together the myriad strands and the great temporal and spatial breadth of the field into two thematically organized volumes. In twenty-six authoritative and clearly-written essays, this Companion explores the origins, aims, methods and problems of archaeology. Each essay is written by a scholar of international standing and illustrations complement the text.

For over 25 years The Handbook of British Archaeology has been the foremost guide to archaeological methods, artefacts and monuments, providing clear explanations of all specialist terms used by archaeologists. This completely revised and updated edition is packed with the latest information and now includes the most recent developments in archaeological science. Meticulously researched, every section has been extensively updated by a team of experts. There are chapters devoted to each of the archaeological periods found in Britain, as well as two chapters on techniques and the nature of archaeological remains. All the common artefacts, types of sites and current theories and methods are covered. The growing interest in post-medieval and industrial archaeology is fully explored in a brand new section dealing with these crucial periods. Hundreds of new illustrations enable instant comparison and identification of objects and monuments - from Palaeolithic handaxes to post-medieval gravestones. Several maps pinpoint the key sites, and other features include an extensive bibliography and a detailed index. The Handbook of British Archaeology is the most comprehensive resource book available and is essential for anyone with an interest in the subject - from field archaeologists and academics to students, heritage professionals, Time Team followers and amateur enthusiasts.

Based on the following theme: an examination of the processes of change in Iron Age social organisation and identity on a regional scale using the Severn-Cotswolds, England, as a case study.

This Companion offers a thorough, concise overview of the emerging field of humanities computing. Contains 37 original articles written by leaders in the field. Addresses the central concerns shared by those interested in the subject. Major sections focus on the experience of particular disciplines in applying computational methods to research problems; the basic principles of humanities computing; specific applications and methods; and production, dissemination and archiving. Accompanied by a website featuring supplementary materials, standard readings in the field and essays to be included in future editions of the Companion.

This volume covers the full excavation, analysis and interpretation of two early Bronze Age round barrows at Guiting Power in the Cotswolds, a region where investigation and protection of such sites have been extremely poor, with many barrows unnecessarily lost to erosion, and with most existing excavation partial, and of low quality.

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