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The examination was held in Manila this June 7 & 9, 2013. The results were released in four (4) working days after the last day of examination. Registration for the issuance of Professional Identification Card (ID) and Certificate of Registration will be on June 25, 26 & 27, 2013.

June 2013 Architect Licensure Examination Results Released ...

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no examination information sessions will be facilitated at centres during 2013. all examination information will be sent to all students together with assignments submitted to nwu. please submit assignments as early as possible as to ensure that marked assignments together with examination information reach students before examinations commence.

National Professional Diploma in Education (NPDE)

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Older exam papers: 2009 - 2014 and 2003 - 2008; No memorandums are included. No multiple choice questions are included - they are taken out. All the lecturers do not make all their exam papers available. We did not receive the June

2018 exam papers for Mafikeng and Vanderbijlpark.

NWU Exam Papers: 2015-

Microsoft SharePoint 2013: June 30, 2020: 98-369: Cloud Fundamentals: September 30, 2019: ... 70-315: Developing and Implementing Web Applications with Microsoft Visual C# .NET and Microsoft Visual Studio .NET ... Lab Exam: August 25, 2013: 88-973: MCM: SharePoint Server 2010, Knowledge Upgrade Exam: August 25, 2013: 88-965: Windows Server 2008 ...

Microsoft Retired Exam | Microsoft Docs

Exam services are rendered by the Timetables and Assessment Section Distance (UODL) students must have a participation mark of at least 40% to write the examination (Except NPDE and ACE students) Timetables will be uploaded again when it becomes available.

Exam Timetables | Studies | NWU | North-West University

Examination specifications and sample materials. Adjusted examination specifications for 2020 (June 2020). Sample written examination (pdf - 572.25kb) (March 2017) Please note: The sample examination has not been amended to reflect the adjustments made to the study design in 2020.

Pages - Literature

Make a Miracle this Christmas campaign - in aid of the Foodbank Lifeline Foundation, has been launched by JCI Malta (Junior Chamber International Malta). The foodbank is currently supporting over 600 individuals and families, so, JCI Malta is appealing to the public's generosity by collecting fun

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d) Students do not have a second examination opportunity directly after the first attempt. If they fail the first attempt (e.g. June), they can write the failed module during the next examination opportunity (e.g. November). A valid participation mark will give the student access to two examination opportunities, where-

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Pythium is one of the most important phytopathogens causing significant damage to agriculture, forest, and nurseries, etc. It is an unseen enemy of the root zone of various plants and hence considered as "hidden terror" for a number of plants. An accurate diagnosis and identification of Pythium causing various infections in plants is very important because it is often confused with several other fungi. Pythium infections are difficult to control once they have set in. Therefore, its effective and ecofriendly management is of paramount importance. In addition, there are many reports on Pythium causing infections in human beings and animals. The present book on Pythium focuses on various aspects which mainly include pathogenesis, technological developments in detection and diagnosis, and its management. Key Features Includes identification of Pythium spp. by traditional and molecular methods Deals with different diseases caused by Pythium spp Describes the role of Pythium in mammalian diseases Incorporates various management strategies Discusses emerging role of nanotechnological tools for the management of Pythium diseases

Offers a complete overview of the principles, theories and key applications of modern mass spectrometry in this introductory textbook. Following on from the highly successful first edition, this edition is extensively updated including new techniques and applications. All instrumental aspects of mass spectrometry are clearly and concisely described; sources, analysers and detectors. * Revised and updated * Numerous examples and illustrations are combined with a series of exercises to help encourage student understanding * Includes biological applications, which have been significantly expanded and updated * Also includes coverage of ESI and MALDI

The study of Euclidean distance matrices (EDMs) fundamentally asks what can be known geometrically given only distance information between points in Euclidean space. Each point may represent simply location or, abstractly, any entity expressible as a vector in finite-dimensional Euclidean space. The answer to the question posed is that very much can be known about the points; the mathematics of this combined study of geometry and optimization is rich and deep. Throughout we cite beacons of historical accomplishment. The application of EDMs has already proven invaluable in discerning biological molecular conformation. The emerging practice of localization in wireless sensor networks, the global positioning system (GPS), and distance-based pattern recognition will certainly simplify and benefit from this theory. We study the pervasive convex Euclidean bodies and their various representations. In particular, we make convex polyhedra, cones, and dual cones more visceral through illustration, and we study the geometric relation of polyhedral cones to nonorthogonal bases biorthogonal expansion. We explain conversion between halfspace- and vertex-descriptions of convex cones, we provide formulae for determining dual cones, and we show how classic alternative systems of linear inequalities or linear matrix inequalities and optimality conditions can be explained by generalized inequalities in terms of convex cones and their duals. The conic analogue to linear independence, called conic independence, is introduced as a new tool in the study of classical cone theory; the logical next step in the progression: linear, affine, conic. Any convex optimization problem has geometric interpretation. This is a powerful attraction: the ability to visualize geometry of an optimization problem. We

provide tools to make visualization easier. The concept of faces, extreme points, and extreme directions of convex Euclidean bodies is explained here, crucial to understanding convex optimization. The convex cone of positive semidefinite matrices, in particular, is studied in depth. We mathematically interpret, for example, its inverse image under affine transformation, and we explain how higher-rank subsets of its boundary united with its interior are convex. The Chapter on "Geometry of convex functions", observes analogies between convex sets and functions: The set of all vector-valued convex functions is a closed convex cone. Included among the examples in this chapter, we show how the real affine function relates to convex functions as the hyperplane relates to convex sets. Here, also, pertinent results for multidimensional convex functions are presented that are largely ignored in the literature; tricks and tips for determining their convexity and discerning their geometry, particularly with regard to matrix calculus which remains largely unsystematized when compared with the traditional practice of ordinary calculus. Consequently, we collect some results of matrix differentiation in the appendices. The Euclidean distance matrix (EDM) is studied, its properties and relationship to both positive semidefinite and Gram matrices. We relate the EDM to the four classical axioms of the Euclidean metric; thereby, observing the existence of an infinity of axioms of the Euclidean metric beyond the triangle inequality. We proceed by deriving the fifth Euclidean axiom and then explain why furthering this endeavor is inefficient because the ensuing criteria (while describing polyhedra) grow linearly in complexity and number. Some geometrical problems solvable via EDMs, EDM problems posed as convex optimization, and methods of solution are presented; e.g., we generate a recognizable isotonic map of the United States using only comparative distance information (no distance information, only distance inequalities). We offer a new proof of the classic Schoenberg criterion, that determines whether a candidate matrix is an EDM. Our proof relies on fundamental geometry; assuming, any EDM must correspond to a list of points contained in some polyhedron (possibly at its vertices) and vice versa. It is not widely known that the Schoenberg criterion implies nonnegativity of the EDM entries; proved here. We characterize the eigenvalues of an EDM matrix and then devise a polyhedral cone required for determining membership of a candidate matrix (in Cayley-Menger form) to the convex cone of Euclidean distance matrices (EDM cone); i.e., a candidate is an EDM if and only if its eigenspectrum belongs to a spectral cone for EDM^N . We will see spectral cones are not unique. In the chapter "EDM cone", we explain the geometric relationship between the EDM cone, two positive semidefinite cones, and the ellipsope. We illustrate geometric requirements, in particular, for projection of a candidate matrix on a positive semidefinite cone that establish its membership to the EDM cone. The faces of the EDM cone are described, but still open is the question whether all its faces are exposed as they are for the positive semidefinite cone. The classic Schoenberg criterion, relating EDM and positive semidefinite cones, is revealed to be a discretized membership relation (a generalized inequality, a new Farkas-like lemma) between the EDM cone and its ordinary dual. A matrix criterion for membership to the dual EDM cone is derived that is simpler than the Schoenberg criterion. We derive a new concise expression for the EDM cone and its dual involving two subspaces and a positive semidefinite cone. "Semidefinite programming" is reviewed with particular attention to optimality conditions of prototypical primal and dual conic programs, their interplay, and the perturbation method of rank reduction of optimal solutions (extant but not well-known). We show how to solve a ubiquitous platonic combinatorial optimization problem from linear algebra (the optimal Boolean solution x to $Ax=b$) via semidefinite program relaxation. A three-dimensional polyhedral analogue for the positive semidefinite cone of 3×3 symmetric matrices is introduced; a tool for visualizing in 6 dimensions. In "EDM proximity" we explore methods of solution to a few fundamental and prevalent Euclidean distance matrix proximity problems; the problem of finding that Euclidean distance matrix closest to a given matrix in the Euclidean sense. We pay particular attention to the problem when compounded with rank minimization. We offer a new geometrical proof of a famous result discovered by Eckart & Young in 1936 regarding Euclidean projection of a point on a subset of the positive semidefinite cone comprising all positive semidefinite matrices having rank not exceeding a prescribed limit ρ . We explain how this problem is transformed to a convex optimization for any rank ρ .

This book is the result of a NATO sponsored workshop entitled "Student Modelling: The Key to Individualized Knowledge-Based Instruction" which was held May 4-8, 1991 at Ste. Adele, Quebec, Canada. The workshop was co-directed by Gordon McCalla and Jim Greer of the ARIES Laboratory at the University of Saskatchewan. The workshop focused on the problem of student modelling in intelligent tutoring systems. An intelligent tutoring system (ITS) is a computer program that is aimed at providing knowledgeable, individualized instruction in a one-on-one interaction with a learner. In order to individualize this interaction, the ITS must keep track of many aspects of the learner: how much and what he or she has learned to date; what learning styles seem to be successful for the student and what seem to be less successful; what deeper mental models the student may have; motivational and affective dimensions impacting the learner; and so on. Student modelling is the problem of keeping track of all of these aspects of a learner's learning.

This second edition of Amikam Aharoni's Introduction to the Theory of Ferromagnetism is a textbook for first year graduate and advanced undergraduate students in physics and engineering as well as a reference book for practising engineers and experimental physicists who work in the field of magnetism. For this edition, the author has updated the material especially of chapters 9 ('The Nucleation Problem') and 11 ('Numerical Micro-magnetics'), which now contain the state of the art required by students and professionals who work on advanced topics of ferromagnetism.

Molecular Aspects of Plant Beneficial Microbes in Agriculture explores their diverse interactions, including the pathogenic and symbiotic relationship which leads to either a decrease or increase in crop productivity. Focusing on these environmentally-friendly approaches, the book explores their potential in changing climatic conditions. It presents the exploration and regulation of beneficial microbes in offering sustainable and alternative solutions to the use of chemicals in agriculture. The beneficial microbes presented here are capable of contributing to nutrient balance, growth regulators, suppressing pathogens, orchestrating immune response and improving crop performance. The book also offers insights into the advancements in DNA technology and bioinformatic approaches which have provided in-depth knowledge about the molecular arsenal involved in mineral uptake, nitrogen fixation, growth promotion and biocontrol attributes.

The Science Focus Second Edition is the complete science package for the teaching of the New South Wales Stage 4 and 5 Science Syllabus. The Science Focus Second Edition package retains the identified strengths of the highly successful First Edition and includes a number of new and exciting features, improvements and components. The innovative Teacher Edition with CD allows a teacher to approach the teaching and learning of Science with confidence as it includes pages from the student book with wrap around teacher notes including answers, hints, strategies and teaching and assessment advice.

This book examines the development of innovative modern methodologies towards augmenting conventional plant breeding, in individual crops, for the production of new crop varieties under the increasingly limiting environmental and cultivation factors to achieve sustainable agricultural production, enhanced food security, in addition to providing raw materials for innovative industrial products and pharmaceuticals. This is Vol 6, subtitled Industrial and Food Crops, which consists of two parts. Included in Part I are 11 industrial plant species utilized as sources of raw materials for the production of industrial products including pulp and wood crops (acacia), fiber (cotton, jute and ramie), rubber (guayule and rubber tree), oil (jojoba and flax), biofuels and pharmaceutical (agave) and sugar source (sugarcane). Part II covers 7 food plants selected for their utilization in food industries for the production of chocolate (cacao), cooking oil (oil palm, safflower, sesame and sunflower) and natural flavors and aroma (saffron and vanilla). This volume is contributed by 60 internationally reputable scientists from 14 countries. Each chapter comprehensively reviews the modern literature on the subject and reflects the authors own experience.

"Reveals a sensible way to rebuild public education and close the achievement gap for all students. Indeed, this is already happening in a most unlikely place: Union City, New Jersey, a poor, crowded Latino community just across the Hudson from Manhattan. Kirp explores the game-changing reasons behind Union City's successful schools, including quality early education, a word-soaked curriculum, and hands-on help for teachers. Improbable scholars offers a playbook for reform that will dramatically change our approach to reviving public education"--

This volume presents a state-of-the-science review of the most promising current European research -- and its historic roots of research -- on complex problem solving (CPS) in Europe. It is an attempt to close the knowledge gap among American scholars regarding the European approach to understanding CPS. Although most of the American researchers are well aware of the fact that CPS has been a very active research area in Europe for quite some time, they do not know any specifics about even the most important research. Part of the reason for this lack of knowledge is undoubtedly the fact that European researchers -- for the most part -- have been rather reluctant to publish their work in English-language journals. The book concentrates on European research because the basic approach European scholars have taken to studying CPS is very different from one taken by North American researchers. Traditionally, American scholars have been studying CPS in "natural" domains -- physics, reading, writing, and chess playing -- concentrating primarily on exploring novice-expert differences and the acquisition of a complex skill. European scholars, in contrast, have been primarily concerned with problem solving behavior in artificially generated, mostly computerized, complex systems. While the American approach has the advantage of high external validity, the European approach has the advantage of system variables that can be systematically manipulated to reveal the effects of system parameters on CPS behavior. The two approaches are thus best viewed as complementing each other. This volume contains contributions from four European countries -- Sweden, Switzerland, Great Britain, and Germany. As such, it accurately represents the bulk of empirical research on CPS which has been conducted in Europe. An international cooperation started two years ago with the goal of bringing the European research on complex problem solving to the awareness of American scholars. A direct result of that effort, the contributions to this book are both informative and comprehensive.

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